

مِٱللَّهِ ٱلرَّحَٰمَٰزَ ٱلرِّحِيمِ By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

Aya'ten^w (Our'anic statements) la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) you^b reminisce you^z. 2. The adulteress and the adulterer so let-flog you^z each one of [them both] one hundred lash (s); w and let not take you^b by them both clemency^{w2} in Allah's religion³ en (if/since) you ^c [were] believing by Allah

1. Suraton^{w1} (adivision of The Our'an)^w Wedescendedit^w and Wedecreed it and We descended in it evidents-shey

and The Day The Last; and let witness their both torment a ta'efaton^w (band/group)^w of the believers.

3. The adulterer not weds [he] except an adulteress or a mushrekatan (she who partner deities with Allah/she*polytheists*); and the adulteress not weds her except an adulterer or a mushrekon (he-who partner deities with Allah/he-polytheists); and tha'leka (afar-that-it/) x (had been) forbidden on the believers.

4. And who r yarmoona4 (they z inculpate with adultery) the muhssa'na'te (chaste-women, marriers-she) y m5 afterwards not ya'ato (produce/present theyz) by four he-witnesses, then let-flog them you z eighty jaldatan (lashes) w and let-not you z accept for them a testimony wever; and those they (are) the fa'seegoona6 (rebels vis-à-vis Allah's command).

5. Except whom repented they from after tha'leka (afarthat-it/) x and they mended, then verily Allah (is) Ghafooron (iterative Forgiver), Raheemon (iterative mercy Giver).

6. And who yarmona (they inculpate with adultery) their spouses (wives) and not was for them witnesses

يةُ وَٱلزَّانِي فَٱحْلِدُواْ كُلَّ وَ حد ئُهُ جَلِدُة وَلَا تُأْخُذُكُم عِمَا دِينِ ٱللَّهِ إِن كُنتُمْ تُؤْمِنُونَ أَللَّهُ وَٱلْبَوْمِ ٱلْآخِرِ وَلْيَشْهِكُ عَذَا يَهُمَا

وَٱلَّذِينَ يَرْمُونَ ٱلۡمُحۡصَنَٰتِ ثُمَّ لَمۡ

¹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this proper name of a "division of the Qur'an!"

² The word "زلفه" is an intensive form of "الرحمة" as "الرحمة" "mercy," which is kindness imparting delight to its recipient; while "الرحمة" is in addition to "الرحمة" it involves protecting against any possible undesirable happening to the recipient; hence, "الراقة" = clemency. See

³ The word "دين" here means "rule!" See البصائر

⁴ The word "يرمون" in "يرمون" has several meanings, when combined with: e.g.: chaste women or wife or an innocent

person, then it becomes Arabic-tongue-expression meaning: *inculpating with adultery!*5 As stated in (S4:24) the word "marriers-she y m" = "" has at least two related but distinct meanings (1) marriers-she y m, i.e. ladies who are married, (2) the females who became Muslims and are chaste because of Islam. In normal Arabic vernacular "زوجات" but "زوجات" is not a Qur'anic terminology per se, although "نوجه" are surely Qur'anic terms! So in Quranic terms marriers-she y m" "and nothing else!" and nothing else!

⁶ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this important word fasegoon and its grammatical inflections!

⁷ See footnote 5 above regarding *inculpating with adultery*!

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except themselves w then a testimony w (of) ahado8 (lone/ any-one) (of) them (is) four testimonies wo by Allah: verily he surely (is) of the ssa'degeena (always-truthenforcers). 7. And the fifth w (testimony w)10: (is) that Allah's curse w (be) on him en(if) [be] [was] of the liars. 8. And (would) forestall a'n (off) her the torment that [she] testifies four testimonies w11 by Allah: verily he surely (is) of the liars. 9. And the fifth (testimony) (is): that Allah's wrath (be) on ةُ أَنَّ غَضَبَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهَا إِن her en (if) [he] [was] of the ssa'degeena (always truth enforcers). 10. And lawla (had it not been for) Allah's munificence on you^b and His mercy w12 and that Allah (is) Tawwabon (iterative Relent), Hakeemon¹³ (infinite hekmah¹⁴ Possessor). 11. Verilywho^rcamethey^zbythe*uf'ke*^x(slanderous-fabrication-/specious concoction) x (are) a league wofyou b; letnot 15 you z reckon it x evil for you b; rather it x (is) a khayron (choicer/superior/worthier) for you b; for every emre'en16 (mature/perfect manliness possessor) of them what ektasaba¹⁷ ([he] reciprocally earned) of the sin; and who x tawalla (he took charge) (of) its x kebara¹⁸ (cardinal-lead) of them, for him (is) a great torment. 12. Lawla (why have not) edh (when/since) heard it x you c presumed the he-believers and the she-believers by their selves w a khayran (superiority/goodness) and said they z: this (is) an uf konx (slanderous-fabrication/specious *concoction*)^x manifest. 13. Lawla (why did not) came they z on it x by four hewitnesses; so edh (as/since) not ya'ato (produce/present they²) by the he-witnesses, then those, enda (by Rule عندُ ٱلله هُمُ ٱلْكَاذِبُونَ 😭 of) Allah, they (are) the liars.

⁸ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "الحد"!

⁹ The word "ثنهادة" = "testimony" in Arabic grammar is a feminine gender!

[&]quot;testimony" is a feminine gender, so its substitute/reference (fifth) must be feminized! """ "" "testimony" is a feminine gender, so its substitute/reference (fifth)

¹¹ See footnote 9 above regarding *testimony!*

¹² There is an omission, complementing = "جوب" "lawla!" Such omission is because its obviousness and enormity!

[&]quot;احكيم" and "الحكيم" See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "الحكيم"

¹⁴ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma!"

[&]quot;hence "let not!" إلا الناهية " is "لا تحسبوه" hence "let not!"

the human=و ,الإنسان the human=بالجفال و الإنسان the mar'o = و الإنسان the mar'o = و الشخص, being the mature/perfect manliness possessor! Although in English the word "one" seems to be an acceptable approximation for "الفرع" the Lexicon explains why we cannot use this seemingly acceptable way!

¹⁷ The word "اكتسبت" (a) i.e. على وزن إفتعل that is he intentionally caused (an act, a deed) to happen! (b) Also, "كتسبت" has more letters-construct implying more positive or negative meaning, in this case a negative one! So (a) and (b) mean this self had intentionally conditioned its entity to earn all it had earned which ultimately would be not for it but upon (i.e. against) it!

¹⁸ The expression "(took) charge (of) its cardinal-lead" means he who played a principal or guiding role to initiate, inspire, conduct, or propagate such a tremendous slander!

14. And lawla (had it not been for) Allah's munificence on وَلُوْلًا فَضُلُ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُرْ وَرَحْمُتُهُ you^b and His mercy^w in the world^w and the Hereafter^w surely (would have) touched you b in what afadha¹⁹ (group-rushed) you^c in it^x a great torment. 15. Edh (when/since) talagga²⁰ (receive/inculcate) it x you z by your n tongues; and you z say by your n mouths what not for you^b by it^x knowledge; and you^z reckon it^x a trifle (trivia) while it (is) enda (by Rule of) Allah great. 16. And lawla (why have not) edh (when/since) heard it vou z said you c: not [it x] be for us to speak by this, subhana²¹ (hallowedly and marvelously we deem You g transcending all defects and we solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of You g; this (is) a great calumny. 17. Admonishes²² you^b Allah that not²³ revert you^z for its^x like ever, *en(if/since)* you^c were believers. 18. And manifests Allah for you b the Aya'te, (Qur'anic statements) and Allah (is) Omniscient, Hakeemon²⁴ (infinitehekmah²⁵Possessor). 19. Verily who they like that the profanity w26 spreads-/circulates^w in whom^r believed they^z for them (is) a painful torment in the world w and the Hereafter w and Allah knows and you^f know not. 20. And lawla (had it not been for) Allah's munificence²⁷ on you b and His mercy w and that Allah (is) Ra'oofon28 (iteratively Forbearer/Clement) Raheemon (iterative mercy 21. O you, who believed they let-not tatta'be'o (closelyfollow you?) the Satan's steps"; and whoever yatta'be'a

¹⁹ The word "أفضتم" comes from "الإفاضة" which means a crowd of people rushing from one place to another 20 The word "تلقىن" is made up of two parts: (a) the verb "talagga" and (b) the pronoun article "بنة" youf do it! However, the word talaqqqa"= "rie turn has two distinct but intertwined meanings: (a) receive and (b) inculcate (make it understood) to another! Hence, "youf receive/inculcate it x"!

²¹ The word "subhanaka"= "سيحانك" has no English equivalent! Wherever this word, or its grammatical inflections (such as "سبحانه") occur all are associated with the divine uniqueness of Allah, doing stupendous work that Allah and Allah alone can do, thus hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects He, and all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him, deserving the utmost solemn consecration of His divine stupendous uniqueness! So, we can render "subhanaka"= "سبحانك" concept by saying: hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects He, and all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Allah!

²² The word "موعظة" rooted in "وعظ" = "exhorted" or "admonished," and "موعظة" could mean: exhortation or admonition!

أن" here in the sense of "لنالبيب "that not!" See المغنى اللبيب 23 The particle "أن"

²⁴ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "احكيم" and "احكيم"

²⁵ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma!"

²⁶ The word "فاحشة" = "profanity" means vulgar or irreverent say or action, i.e. excess of ugliness in statement or action by an entity, a person or a group, or any of Allah's proscriptions! Some times the word "فَاحَشْدُ" or "فَاحَشْدُ" is euphemistically used to mean adultery or fornication or homosexuality!

27 The word "فَصْلُ" is inchoative and its predicative is omitted because it is forthcoming in a later sentence! See القرطبي at it involves protecting against any possible "الرحمة" is in addition to "الرحمة" it involves protecting against any possible "الرحمة" it involves protecting against any possible "المناسة المناسخة المن

undesirable happening to the recipient, i.e. clemency. Hence, "الرافة" is a protective-mercy=clemency. And "رووف" is multitudinous protective mercy Doer or multitudinously clement. See اللتاج

([he] closely-follows) the Satan's steps w then verily he commands by the profanity w29 and the munka're (rationally/Sharey'ah unacceptable deed/say); and lawla (had it not been for) Allah's munificence on youb and His mercy not zaka³⁰ (purified and suited) of you^b [of] an ahaden³¹ (lone/any-one) ever; [and,] but Allah youzakkey ([He] exculpates/befits/suits, lauds and blesses) whom^p [He] wills; and Allah (is) Sameeon (possessor of rather acute hearing capacity/and enabler of others to hear/favorable Answerer to prayer), Omniscient.

22. And let not ya'taley (vow abstaining from allowable good deeds) the munificence-possessors of you^b and [the] abundance to youa'to (they accord/give) kin-possessors and the poor³² and the emigrants in Allah's path; and let pardon they and let condone they; do not³³ you like that Allah forgives for you^b; and Allah (is) Ghafooron (iterative Forgiver), Raheemon (iterative mercy Giver).

23. Verily who yarmona³⁴ (they inculpate with adultery) the muhssana'te(chaste women/marriers-she)^{ym35}the (innocently) heedless-they^{ym} she-believers (had been) cursed they^z in the world and the Hereafter, and for them (is) a great torment.

24. Day witnesses/testifies on them their tongues and their hands w and their feet by what they were working.

25. Then-day fulfills³⁶ (for) them Allah their Deen³⁷ (dues), the right; and (would then) know they that Allah, Who (is) The Right The Manifester.

26. The khabeethato (she-they wicked for the he-they wicked) for the khabetheena (the he-they wicked for the she-they wicked); and khabethoona for the khabeetha'te and the tayyeba'te (she-they good) for the tayyeboona (he-they good) and the tayyebona for the tayyeba'te; those (had been) (rendered) disclaimants/absolvers³⁸ (of their selves) of

²⁹ See footnote 26 above regarding "profanity"!

³⁰ The word "زكى" here means suited, in the intransitive sense of suit! See

[&]quot;! See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "الحد"

³² For the words "مساكين" versus "فقراء", see the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the distinction! The word "poor" stands for the singular or the plural, although some time for the plural: "poor-people!" 33 This particle "الترغيب أو التحضيض" in this case clearly for "عرض للترغيب أو التحضيض" = "desiring!"

³⁴ See footnote 3709 above regarding inculpating with adultery!

³⁵ See footnote 3710 above regarding "المحصنات!" 36 The word "يوفيه" in "موفيهم" from "النمام" = "النمام" meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a whole! Thus, "يوفي" means endeavor and gather the last part of an obligation to fulfill it!

³⁷ That is pays them their recompense, according to their dues, good or bad on "Day of Judgment's"!

³⁸ This means and Allah knows best, that whatever the good men and women might have uttered by way of "bad" commentary they are rendered disclaimants/absolvers of that, because of Allah's merciful forgiveness, as a result of their overall "goodness!" Thus, "rendered" is for إمفعول بمعنى فاعل

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what they say; for them a forgiveness and a rez'qon a (provision-/victuals for sustenance) kareemon³⁹ (bounteous, ennobling and of multiple uses/effects).

27. O you who believed they let-not enter you houses w other than your n houses, until tas'ta'neso (you z seek familiarizing your selves) and tosallemo⁴⁰ (you² offer-peace) on their folks w; tha'lekum (collective-afar-that) x khayron (choicer/superior/worthier) for you^b la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps)youbreminisce youz.

28. Then en(if) not found you^z in it^w an ahadan⁴¹ (lone/any -one), then let-not enter it w you z until (to be) permitted for you^b; and en (having been) said for you^b: let-return you z then let-return you z; it x (is) azka42 (more befitting and beneficial/cleansing) for you b; and Allah by what you^z work (*is*) Omniscient.

29. Not on you^b a *jonahon*⁴³ (*sin*) to enter you^z houses^w other than (it being) occupied in it mata'on (furnishings-/chattel/convenience) for you^b; and Allah knows what you^z disclose and what you^z conceal.

30. Let-say[you^s] for the believers: yaghodhdho⁴⁴(they^z (curb-/lower and break the gaze) [of]⁴⁵their abssa're(insights-/discernments) and they keep-up46 their foroja (orifices-/private-parts); tha'leka(afar-that-it/) x (is) azka (more cleansing and befitting) for them; verily Allah (is) Proficient by what yass'naona⁴⁷ (carefully craft they²).

31. And Let-say [yous] for the she-believers (to) yaghdhodhna⁴⁸(she-they^z curb/lower-and-break the gaze)[of] their^y abssa're(insights/discernments), and (to) keep-up they^{y49} their y foroja(orifices/private-parts); and let not disclose-/flash they their adornment / trim except what

39 The word "kareem" = "عريم" is a subjective, singular, masculine noun! It has no exact English equivalent, as explained in length in footnote 28 of the *Introduction*! Summarily: bounteous, ennobling and of multiple uses/effects!

40 The word "تسلّم" in "تسلّم" is a present tense of "السلام" "= "peace," for which there is no way to linguistically

⁴² That is, and Allah is knowinger, "more befitting or more beneficial/ cleansing for you!"

verbalize such a concrete noun, like many such problems in English! So, short of transliteration, which should be avoided if possible, the *next best* case is to "coin" best approximate expression, such as "offer-peace," as we did in this case!

41 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "!"

⁴³ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the meaning of the word "جناح" figuratively taken to symbolize the inclination to sin or the sin itself! So, no "=" no sin!

⁴⁴ The word "yaghodhdho" = "يغض" if with respect to sight means: to curb, lower and break the gaze! If it applies to the "sound" then it means to soften! See اللسان

⁴⁵ This "of" is very significant, as it indicates portioning of the eyesight! That is to say, it is not possible to deflect the entire eyesight, as the first look is part of it! But what is required is not to gaze at what is not allowed for one to gaze at!

[&]quot;is rooted in "حفظ" = "kept-up" not just "kept, or maintained," or even "guarded!" Merriam Webster's Dictionary puts it: "to stay even (as in acts of strength, endurance, or speed) *although he was small he could

keep up with the larger boys in sports*!" (Emphasis is added)!

47 The word "يصنعون" is rooted in the verb "منع" which means (1) carefully choose or (2) carefully craft or tried to approach perfection in making of (anything) or upbringing of any human or animal!

⁴⁸ See footnote 3822 above regarding "yaghodhdho!"

⁴⁹ See footnote **46** above regarding "keep-up!"

appeared/manifested of it^w; and let cast-they^y by their^y kerchiefs⁵⁰ over their^y bosoms; and let not disclose/flash they their adornment w/trim except to their bo'a olto (husbands/lords/possessors/owner of) them^y or their^y sons, or sons (of) their^y bo'aolto them^y or their brothers or sons (of) their brothers or sons (of) their sisters or their women or what possessed their yamenes (right hands) (i.e. their slaves), or the ta'be'eena (male followers, e.g.: servants) other than erbatey (having sexual desire/need)^w possessors of the men or the children who not ascended/cognized they over the women's aw'ra'te (pudenda) and let not strike-they their feet to (be) known what hide-they of their adornment^w; and let-repent you^z to Allah together, Obelievers, la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) youb thrive youz.

تْ أَيْمَىٰنُهُنَّ أُو ٱلتَّبعِينَ غَيْر ٱلْارْبَةِ مِنَ ٱلرَّجَالِ أَو ٱلطَّفِّلِ

32. Andlet-wedyou^z the widows of you^b and the ssa'leheena (righteous-people) of your eba'de(he-slaves) and your ema (she-slaves); en(if) theyz be indigents51 enriches them Allah of His munificence; and Allah (is) Wa'seon⁵² (Surrounder and encompassing all things), Omniscient.

33. And le'yasta'afife (let affirmably abstain) who not find they^z marriage until enriches them Allah of His munificence; and who yabtaghona (they earnestly-quest) the book⁵³ of what possessed yourⁿ right hands^w then ka'tebo (let-you^z mutually inscribe) them, en(if) you^c knew in them *khayran*(goodness/pledge-honorers); and aa'to (let-you^z accord) them of Allah's possession which aa'ta⁵⁴ ([He] accorded) you^b and let-not coerce you^z yourⁿ(slave) maids on harlotry, en they wanted chastity/marriage to tabtagho⁵⁵ (you^z earnestly-quest) a transient (of) the life^w (of) the world^w; and whoever [he] coerces them^y, then verily Allah from after their y coercion (is) Ghafooron (iterative Forgiver), Raheemon (iterative mercy Giver).

ف ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَحُدُونَ تَّىٰ يُغْنِيَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضْلِهِ ع ينَ يَبْتَغُونَ ٱلْكِتَنِ مِمَّا النُكُمْ فَكَاتِبُوهُمْ إِنْ مِّ خَيْرًا وَءَاتُوهُم مِّن الله آلَدي ءَا تَنكُمْ وَلَا تُكِ هُواْ عَلَى ٱلَّبِغَآءِ إِنْ أَرَدْنَ هَمُّنُّ فَإِنَّ آللُّهُ مِنْ بَعْدِ

34. And lagad(verily, already and affirmatively) We descended to you^b Aya'ten^w (Our'anicstatements) manifesters-she^{ym};

⁵⁰ The word "خمار" in "خمار" is a plural for "خمار" which is *linguistically* speaking, and The Qur'an is *foremost* is "Arabic Qur'an" means "handkerchief!" See اللهادي and التاج and التاج التاج

encompassing everything!"

53 "المكاتبة" i.e. the mutual writing of a pledge of one party to anther! So in this great Ayah, ka'tebo (let-your mutually inscribe) them (i.e. your slaves) a pledge, that they pay you ransom to get their freedom! This is a clear command from Allah to abolish slavery through mutual benefits between the owner and his/her slave! See

The word "wa'seon" is singular, masculine, subjective noun with multiple meanings: (1) Surrounder of other things and subsuming them, (2) vastly spacious, (3) that which can comprehensively contain other thing! When the definite article "the" is prefixed to it, with a capital "T" and the word "was'eon" also with a capital "W," to make "The Was'eo" then it becomes one of Allah's most beautiful names, meaning "surrounding and

⁵⁴ That is, and Allah knows best, from the Zakah wealth, as the Zakah possession is not but a trusted possession in the hands of the one giving that portion of his possession as Zakah!! 55 The word "ظلب حثيثا" meaning: earnestly quested!

and a parable/example of whom they ceded of before you^b; and an exhortation^{w56} for the *muttageena* (reverential guarders against Allah's displeasure).

35. Allah(is) the Heavens' and the Earth's illumination; parable/example(of)His illumination(is)as a niche^w in it alamp; the lamp(is) in a glass-shey the glass-shey (is) like a lustrous-star^{w57} being kindled of a blessed tree^w, an olive^{w58} neither [eastern-she^y] nor [western-she^y]; almostits woil lightens and albeit not touched it a fire w; an illumination on an illumination Allah divinelyguides for His illumination whom [He] wills; and strikes Allah the parables/examples for the mankind; and Allah by every-thing (is) Omniscient.

زَيْتُهَا يُضِيءَ وَلَوْ لَمْ نَارٌ نُورُ عَلَىٰ نُورِ يَهْدِي وره عمَن مَشَاء وَيَضِّر بُ ٱللَّهُ شَيْلَ لِلنَّاسِ وَٱللَّهُ بِكُلِّي شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

36. In houses Allah allowed (to be) elevated⁵⁹ and (to be) mentioned in it^w His name; yousabbeho⁶⁰ (saying: subhana Allah) for Him in it by the ghodowwe (dawn-until*sunrise*) and the *aa'ssale*⁶¹ (*late afternoon until sunset*).

37. Men neither tolhey (entertainingly-preoccupies/distracts) them a trade wand nor a sale a 'an (off) Allah's Thekre62 and ega'me (upping/sustaining the prescribed obligations of) the Prayer wandeeta (according and fulfilling the obligations of)the Zakatey^{w63} (prescribed percentage of personal possessions) w; they fear/know⁶⁴a day tataqallabo (iteratively turnover) in it the hearts and the abssa'ro (insights/discernments).

لٌ لَّا تُلُّهِيمَ جِّئَرَةٌ وَلَا بَيْعُ

38. To requite them Allah ahsa'na⁶⁵ (perfecter and beautifuler) (of) what worked theyz; and [He] augments them of His munificence; and Allah provides whom^r [He] wills by other than a count.

39. And who^r unbelieved they^z their works (are) like a mirage^x in a bowl^{w66} reckons it^x the thirster water; until if/when [he] came (to) itx [he] found itx not a

⁵⁶ The word "موعظة" rooted in "وعظة" = "exhorted" or "admonished," could mean: exhortation or admonition! 57 The word "كوكب" from a linguistic stand means: star! Although in modern times "كوكب" = planet! 58 Tree in Arabic is a feminine. So the reference to it is obviously feminized. Hence, the references: "olive," "sheeastern, she-western!"

⁵⁹ That is to be *built*, i.e. the mosques!

⁶⁰ The word "yousabbeho" has no English equivalent! It means [he] says, "subhana Allah," that is: hallowedly and marvelously singling Allah as excelling in all good qualities, that He transcends all shortcomings, and that He is unique all around! Every tasheeh (saying subhana Allah) in The Qur'an is a Prayer, says Ibn Abbas, see (explanation of this *Ayah*)!

⁶¹ In English there is no exact corresponding words for "غو" = "ghodon" (grammatically inflected "ghodone) and "أصال" ="aasal;" late afternoon until sunset!

⁶² The word "thekre" as it stands here, Qur'an commentators are differing as to its exact meaning! However, Prayer seems to be the most suitable as it is with respect to trading and traders! See القرطبي

⁶³ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for what exactly is the Zakah and its implications!

⁶⁴ Linguistically the word "خاف" carries dual meanings: (1) feared and (2) knew! Both meanings could apply!

⁶⁵ There is no English word for الحسن = ahsane! Both words perfecter and beautifuler are in their adjective sense!
66 The word "فيعة" = bowl, meaning: a bowl-shaped topographic depression! See العادي and The American Heritage Dictionary!

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thing; and [he] found Allah endaho (by it*/by him); so [He] fulfilled⁶⁷ him his account; and Allah (is) swift (in) the account.

40. Or like darknesses in a sea *lujjeyen* (abyss/ of tremendous depth/vast water amount)^x, overlies it^x a surge above it^x a surge, of above it sahabon (gliding-clouds); darknesses w some (of) it above some, if [he] produced his hand almost not sees it [he]; and whom p made Allah not for him an illumination, so not for him of an illumination.

فَوْقِهِ، مُوْجَ مِن فَوْقِهِ، وُ ظُلُمَتُ بِعُضُهَا فُوْقَ بِعُض إِذَآ أَخْرُجَ يَدُهُۥ لَمْ يَكُدُ يَرَنَهَا لَمْ يَجِعُلِ ٱللَّهُ لَهُ رُبُورًا فَمَا

41. Have not seen [yous] that Allah, yousabbeho69 (say: subhana Allah) for Him who^p (are) in the Heavens^w and the Earth wand the birds, ssaffa'ten (in rows / spreadingtheir-wings-in-flight)⁷⁰; each qad(already and affirmatively) knewhis/its^x Prayer^w and his/its^x tasbeeha⁷¹ (hallowedly and marvelously deeming Allah as transcending all defects, and that solemnly all stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him); and Allah (is) Omniscient by what they do.

أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُسَبِّحُ لَهُ مِن فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَالطَّيْرُ صَنَفَّت كُلِّ قَدِّ عَلمَ صَلَاتَهُ حَهُر وَٱللَّهُ عَلَمٌ بِمَا

42. And for Allah (is) the Heavens' and the Earth's w proprietorship and to Allah (is) the destiny.

مُلكُ ٱلسَّمَـٰوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ اللهِ الْمَصِيرُ 🗃

43. Have not seen [yous] that Allah wafts sahaban⁷² (gliding-clouds); afterwards [He] congregates [among itx; afterwards [He] makes it a heap; then [vous] see the wadqa (haze/raindrops) issuing from its bores 3; and younazzelo (recurrently descends [He]) from the sky^w of mountains in it hails; then [He] betides by it whom [He] wills and averts it [He] a'an (off) whom [He] wills; almost glare/flash (of) its lightning goes (takesaway) by the abssa're(insights/discernments).

، بَيْنَهُ و ثُمَّ يَجْعَلُهُ و ركامًا فَتَرَى يَخُرُجُ مِنْ خِلَالهِ وَيُنَزِّلُ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مِن جِبَالِ فِيهَا مِنْ بَرُدِ بُ بِهِے مَن يَشَآء وَيَصَرِفُهُۥ عَن مِّن يَشَآء يَكَادُ سَنَا بَرْقِهِ ع

44. Yougallebo(iteratively transposes) Allah the night and the day; verily in tha'leka (afar-that-it/) x surely (is) ebratan (instructive-example) w for the abssa're (insights-/ discernments) possessors.

ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّيْلَ وَٱلنَّهَارَ إِنَّ فِي

45. And Allah created every a dabba'tenw74 (she-movingcreature), of water; so of them who^p [he/it^x] creeps on its belly; and of them who [he/it] walks on two

⁶⁷ The word "وقى" in "وقى" from "إلتمام" = "الوفاع"," meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a

mhole! Thus, "وفی" means endeavored and gathered the last part of an obligation to fulfill it!

The word "فی" means endeavored and gathered the last part of an obligation to fulfill it!

The word "بسحاب" versus "غیم" is that the "بسحاب هو بینسحب" i.e. glides itself or the wind pulls or pushes it and make it move! And it's plural of a "بسحاب" Whereas the "غیم" appears stationary!

⁶⁹ See footnote 3765 above regarding ایسبح 70 The word "الصافات" means: (1) the angels as they set themselves in rows, or (2) the "birds," as in this great

Ayat, as they spread their wings in the sky and not move them!

71 According to القرطبي since Prayer and tasbeeh are synonymous, they mentioned twice here for intensity!

72 The word "محاب هو ينسحب" is that the "بسحاب هو ينسحب" i.e. glides itself or the wind pulls or pushes it and make it move! And it's plural of a "بسحاب" Whereas the "غير" appears stationary!

73 The word "انظر اللسان!" wears its bores! See "الشراك المنان!"

⁷⁴ For lack of a better term I chose a "she-moving-creature" for "خابة" as a simple "she-creature" (alone) will not do, because a "rock" is a "she-creature" but it does not have apparent motility!

feet^w; and of them who^p [he/it^x] walks on four^w; عَلَىٰ أَرْبَعِ كَلُقُ ٱللَّهُ مَا يَشَآءِ إِنَّ creates Allah whatever⁷⁵ [He] wills; verily Allah (is) on everything Omnipotent. 46. Lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) We descended لَّقَدُ أَنزَلْنَآ ءَايَتِ مُّبَيِّنَتِ وَٱللَّهُ Aya'ten^w (Our'anic statements) manifesters^w and Allah يَهْدِي مَن يَشَآء إلَىٰ صِرَاط divinely-guides whom^p [He] wills to a Sseratten (road/way) straight. 47. And they^z say we: believed by Allah and by the وَيَقُولُونَ ءَامَنَّا بِٱللَّهِ وَبِٱلرَّسُولِ Messenger and we obeyed; afterwards diverts a وَأَطُعْنَا ثُمَّ يَتَوَلِّىٰ فَرِيقٌ مِّنَّهُم مِّنَ team of them from after tha'leka(afar-that-it/)x; and not those surely (are) the believers. 48. And if (had been) invited they to Allah and His وَإِذَادُعُوٓ أَإِلَى ٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ عَلَيْحُكُمُ Messenger to rule among them, edha (suddenly/surprisingly) a team of them (are) [shunners]. 49. And en(if) (to) be for them the right ya'tona (they? يَكُن هُمُ ٱلْحَقِّ يَأْتُواْ إِلَيْهِ obligingly come) to it mudh'eneena (humbly submitters). 50. Is in their hearts an illness⁷⁶, or they^z suspected, or they^z fear/know⁷⁷ that Allah warps/prejudices⁷⁸ over them and His messenger [warps over them too] 79; rather those, they (are) the dha'lemoona⁸⁰ (injustice-doers). إنَّمَا كَانَ قَوْلَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِذَا دُعُوٓاْ 51. Verily only [was] the believers' say if (had been) invited they^z to Allah and his Messenger to rule among them to say they^z: we heard and we obeyed; معْنَا وَأُطَعْنَا ۚ وَأُوْلُنِكُ and those, they (are) the thrivers. 52. And whoever [he] obeys Allah and His Messenger and مِ اللهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَكَخُشُ لَا اللَّهُ yakhsha ([he] reverently-fears) Allah and yatta'geh ([he] reverently guards not to displease Him), so those, they (are) the winners. 53. And agsamo (they oathed) by Allah jahda(ultimate/effortmost) their ayma'ne (oaths), la'en (if indeed) commanded them you^h surely assuredly⁸¹ exit they^z; let-say[you^s]: let-not tog'semo (youz oath) an obedience ma'aroofaton (that which is known)^w; verily Allah (is) Proficient by what work you^z. 54. Let-say[you^s]:let-obey you^z Allah and let-obey you^z the قَلِّ أَطِيعُواْ آللَّهُ وَأَطِيعُواْ آلرَّسُولَ Messenger; then *en(if)* diverted they^z then verily only

See footnote 3842 above regarding fear/knom!
 The word "צבים" is to be unjust through inclining and judging by injustice! Thus, "warp"= to turn from a correct or proper course; deflect. Or to affect unfavorably, unfairly, or wrongly; be biased!
 This Ayah says: "الله و رسوله" thus, "warp"= to turn from a correct or proper course; deflect. Or to affect unfavorably, unfairly, or wrongly; be biased!
 This Ayah says: "الله و رسوله" Hence it means and His "messenger warps over them too!" In Arabic the construct is very clear! In English it seems it does require this clarification!
 The "ظامون" = "the injustice-doer," as "القامون" in "injustice!" See footnote 148 below!
 The "التأكيد" is a juratory " = "U القلم" = "U القلم" is a juratory " is a juratory " is a mounting to = "differentiation, expressed by "assuredly"!

on him what [he] (had been) burdened and on you^b what you^c(had been) burdened; and en you^z obey him tahtadaw (you² find and accept the divine-guidance); and not on the Messenger except the announcement the manifester.

55. Promised Allah who believed they of you and they worked the righteous-works w (to) surely assuredly 82 yastakhlefa (makes vicegerents of)them[He]in the Earth w like istakhlafa([He] made vicegerents of)whom^r of before them; and (to) surely assuredly establish⁸³ [He] for them their religion which [He] delighted for them; and surely [He] assuredly substitutes (for) them from after their fear a security; they worship Me, not they partner(other deities) by Me a thing; and whop [he] unbelieved after tha' leka (afar-that-it/) then those they (are) the fa'seegoona (rebels vis-à-vis Allah's command).

56. And agemo⁸⁴ (let-you² uphold/sustain the prescribed obligations of) the Prayer and aa'to (let-you accord and fulfill the obligations of) the Zakata^{w85} (prescribed percentage of personal possessions) wand let-obey you the Messenger, la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) you^b torhamona⁸⁶ (to be mercy-given you^z).

57.Let-not assuredly reckon[yous] who unbelieved they (are) enfeeblers in the Earthw; and their abode-/lodging(*is*)The Fire^w and surely wretched the destiny.

58. O you who^r believed they^z: let seek yourⁿ permission whom^r possessed yourⁿ hands^w and who^rnot reached they^z the puberty of you^b three times of before the dawn's Prayer^w and when tadha'aona (you^z put-aside) your apparels from the noon after the esha'a's (night's fall) Prayer^w; three^w aw'ra'ten⁸⁷ (designated hours) foryoub; not on youband not on them a *jonahon*88

تُوَلُّواْ فَإِنَّمَا عِلَيْهِ مَا حُمِّلَ كُم مَّا حُمِّلتُمْ وَإِن تُطِيعُوهُ تَهْتَدُواْ وَمَا عَلَى ٱلرَّسُولِ إِلَّا

وَعَدُ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنكُمْ

ٱلصَّلَوٰةُ وَءَاتُواْ ٱلزُّكُوٰةُ

ثْيَابُكُم مِّنَ ٱلطَّهِيرَة وَمِنْ بَعُدِ صَلَّوٰة ٱلْعِشَآءِ ثُلُثُ عَوْرَاتِ لَكُمْ لَيُ

85 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for what exactly is the Zakah and its implications!

⁸² The "اليستخلفن" and "ليستخلفن" are juratory "ل القسم" = "ل" amounting to= "اليستخلفن" i.e. affirmation, expressed in

both case by "assuredly"!

83 The word "مكن" in "مكنن" means "found" or "established!" It also means "enabled" or "empowered!" Clearly, the English word "established" does not imply or connote the same as "مكن" per se!

84 The word "أفيمو" is rooted in "قيمو" = uphold/sustain/maintain!

⁸⁶ The word "رحمة" = "mercy" in Arabic "رحمة" is unlike its English equivalent, in that "رحمة" can be conjugated into verbs of the past, present, future, active, passive, etc! As in this case, it is constructed in the futurepassive for the masculine plural! There is no way to exactly render this in English per se! So the closest is to possibly say: "perhaps you be given-mercy," thus introducing the idea of "given-mercy" which the Arabic text does not really say per se! The Arabic says, as if to say: perhaps you are being mercied," which cannot be said in correct English, as there is no such word as "mercied!"

⁸⁷ The word Aw'ra'ton has several meanings: (1) pudenda, (2) vulnerability, (3) covering anything to hide it, (4) time of exposure! See التاج

⁸⁸ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the meaning of the word "جناح" figuratively taken to symbolize "e no sin! يختاح" the *inclination* to sin or the *sin* itself! So, no "جناح" no sin!

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after them^{y89}; tawwafona(iterative circumambulators) you^b some(of)you^b on some; like tha'leka(afar-that-it/)^x manifests Allah for youb the Aya'te^w (Our'anic statements); and Allah (is) Omniscient, Hakeemon⁹⁰ (infinite hekmah⁹¹ Possessor).

59. And if/when reached the children of you^b the puberty, then le'yasta'athena(let seek permission theyz) as ista'athana (sought permission) who of before them; like tha'leka (afar-that-it/)^x manifests Allah for you^b His Aya'te^w messages); and Allah (is) Omniscient (Our'anic Hakeemon⁹² (infinite hekmah⁹³ Possessor).

60. And the *gawa'edo*⁹⁴ (*she-menopausal-sitters*) of the women who v not hope (for) nekahan (wedlock), then not on them^y a jonahon⁹⁵ (sin) to yadha' ana (put-aside-they^y) their^y apparel, other than mutabarreja'ten (flauntingly displayingsheym) by an adornment^w; and to yasta'afefna (affirmchastity they^y) (is) khayron(superior/worthier) for them^y; and Allah (is) Sameeon (Acute-Hearer/Enabler of others to hear/favorable Answerer to prayer) Omniscient.

وَٱلْقُوٰعِدُ مِنَ ٱلنِّسَآءِ ٱلَّتِي لَا

61. Not on the blind a constraint on the lame a constraint and not on the ill a constraint and not on your n selves w a constraint to eat from your n houses or your n fathers' houses or your n mothers' houses or your n brothers' houses or your n sisters' houses or your n fathers' brothers' house, or your n fathers' sisters' houses, or yourn mothers' brothers' houses or your n mothers' sisters' houses, or what you^c possessed its x keys, or (house of) yourⁿ friend; not on you^b a *jonahon*⁹⁷ (sin) to you^z eat together or segregates; so if you^c entered houses then sallemo⁹⁸ (let-

⁸⁹ The reason for "feminizing" this pronoun as "them y" because it is so in the text, as it is in reference to the word "عورة" which is a feminine gender!

⁹⁰ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "الحكيم" and "الحكيم"

⁹¹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma!"

⁹² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "احكيم" and "احكيم"

⁹³ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma!"

⁹⁴ The word "gawa'ed' = "قعد" based on "قواعد" =sat, and so sitters, as if to say "she retirees!" Thus, "gawa'id," meaning: those women who are "sitters" because they are in their menopausal age!

⁹⁵ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the meaning of the word "Figuratively taken to symbolize

the inclination to sin or the sin itself! So, no "בי" = no sin!

The word "בי" = "فنيق الضيق "בי" = no sin!

The word "בי" = "فنيق الضيق الضيق " e.g.: if you were to get two identical sheets of papers and put them congruently against one another the space between them is called "בי" than that space between the two sheets of paper! Also, "בי" could mean "sin!"

⁹⁷ See footnote 3793 above regarding "اجناح" '!جناح 98 The word "تسلم" in "تسلم" is a present tense of "السلام" is a present tense of "السلام" for which there is no way to linguistically verbalize such a concrete noun, like many such problems in English! So, short of transliteration, which should be avoided if possible, the next best case is to "coin" best approximate an expression, such as "offer-peace," as we did in this case!

youz offer-peace) on your selves a greeting from ende (by munificence of / by Rule of) Allah a blessed a good good; like tha'leka(afar-that-it/) x manifests Allah for youb the Ayate^w (Our'anic statements) la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) you^b cerebrate you^z.

62. Verily only the believers (are) who believed they by Allah and His Messenger and if were they^z with him on a matter-congregator, not gone they z until yasta'thenoho (they z seek his permission); verily who r yasta'thenoka (they seek youg permission) those (are) who they^z believe by Allah and His messenger; so if *ista'atha*noka (they z sought you g permission) for some (of) their function¹⁰⁰; then let-permit [you^s] for whom^r willed you hof them; and ista'ghfer (let-seek forgiveness [yous] from) Allah for them; verily Allah (is) Ghafooron (iterative Forgiver), Raheemon (iterative mercy Giver).

لُمُ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ غُفُورٌ ۗ

63. Let-not make you z the Messenger's invocation among you^b like invocation (of) some (of) you^b(to/of) some; gad¹⁰² (iteratively and affirmatively) knows Allah whom r yatasallalona (they z secretly withdraw) of you b lewathan (elusively); so le'yather (let-take-caution) who r dissent they ^z a'n (regarding) his command to betide ^w them a fetna'ton (trial/affliction/tumult/unbelief) w or betides*themapainful torment.

اً دُعَاءَ ٱلرَّهُ

64. Lo! Verily for Allah what (are) in the Heavens^w and the Earth w; gad¹⁰³ (iteratively and affirmatively) knows [He] what you f (are) on it x (of adherence or not to His commands); and day (to be) returned they z to Him then youna'bbe'o ([He] inform by piece-of-significant-andavailing-news) them by what they worked; and Allah by everything (is) Omniscient.

103 Ibid!

⁹⁹ The word "greeting" = "تحية" is a *feminine* gender in Arabic so the references to it are too feminized! So "[she-blessed]" and '[she-good]" are stated as above!

¹⁰⁰ For the word "ثثان" I did not like to use the word "affair" because of its implication/denotation!

101 The word "شان" " I did not like to use the word "affair" because of its implication/denotation!

102 The particle "Qad" preceding a future tense means: "" In English there is no seemly way to say: "per se! So I settled for saying: "[you] seek forgiveness!" So in this case: [you] seek Allah's forgiveness!"

102 The particle "Qad" preceding a future tense means: اللمغني = for "affirmatively and iteratively!" See